2022
solo for no-input mixing board
(2022) solo for no-input mixing board
for Andrew Leslie Hooker
duration: 16 minutes
"Skew lines" in geometry are straight lines which neither meet nor are parallel, and which therefore can only exist in three or more dimensions.
A performance of skew consists of a live realisation of the score synchronised with a recorded realisation (which of course will differ in very many ways, apart from the timing of events and changes). Preferably the recorded version will be made anew for each performance so that familiarity with it doesn't restrict the live performance. The score contains timings accurate to the second, although these may shift somewhat in the recording and/or live performance, as the performer responds both to the notated actions and to the sounds they generate. It would also be possible to perform skew as a duo for two no-input mixing boards with two live performers.

The no-input mixing board used in this composition is assumed to involve 8 or more channel faders, as well as various rotary pots for EQ and aux send/return levels, and channel mute buttons, with compression/limiting as appropriate. Outboard effects, MIDI controllers etc., may be added and incorporated into the actions proposed in the score, as desired.

Dynamics are not notated since variations in loudness will arise freely from combinations of the indicated actions. Adjustments (also to the level of the prerecorded layer) may be made as necessary, preferably being incorporated into those actions.

The score of skew consists principally of suggestions for different types and densities of performative activity, without specification of the sounding result. The composition differs from most no-input performances in two main respects: it involves more activity on the performer's part than usual, and it situates this activity within a precise system of temporal proportions. Both of these features of course diverge from the kind of approach taken by most NIMB exponents, who have been attracted to this instrument through its propensity to produce sound-forms that evolve in their own time, with intervention from the performer that is to a significant extent reactive, and often kept to a minimum. The actions proposed by this score are intended to act as a catalyst for sound-forms that might not otherwise (in the absence of the score) be called forth, which of course could be described as the function of any score, while here the actions are intended to respect the distinctive nature of the instrument and its relation to the performer, who of course interprets the score in the light of their knowledge of and expertise on the instrument, and according to their individual musical personality and sonic preferences. The prerecorded part expresses a "path not taken" by the live performance, the result of more or less different spontaneous choices which have a more or less profound effect on the sonic evolution of the music.

The score consists of 36 bars with durations between 4 and 72 seconds. Each bar specifies a different kind of performative activity (including none) and its duration and starting time are indicated, and each is also assigned to one of eight categories of activity, which are named "opening", "unison", "counterpoint", "fracture", "oscillation", "response", "stasis" and "random", with respectively 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 examples (variations) of each. Each bar then contains a combination of verbal and graphical suggestions. Graphic notation is kept to a minimum in order to minimise the risk of it being taken as more specific than it's actually intended to be. The ideal situation would be for the suggestions within each bar to be memorised, so that the timings and categories indicated outside the bars can act as a mnemonic during performance.

20" (duration of bar) 4"
$0: 00$ (elapsed time on stopwatch) $0: 20$

## opening

0:20

## random I

bring volume gradually up from zero, while searching for a stable sound as a point of departure
rapid and random and short flicks of faders and pots into new positions - as many movements as possible within $4^{\prime \prime}$ !
start stopwatch and playback of prerecorded layer

18"
0:24
3
stasis I
don't move anything! - allow the position at the end of bar 2 to remain still or active

| 33" | 12" |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0:42 | 1:15 |
| cou | stasis II |
| choos variety | don't move anything! - allow the position at the end of bar 4 to remain still or active |

64"
1:27
response I
move one fader or pot extremely slowly and tentatively until the sound changes appreciably, then choose another and follow the same procedure, and so on throughout the bar

6" 5" 24"
2:31
fracture I
2:37
2:42

| choose two channel mute buttons, one for each | rapid and random and short |
| :--- | :--- |

hand, and open and close them in rapid,
irregular and independent rhythm
 flicks of faders and pots into new positions - as many move ments as possible within 5 "!
sometimes increasing the range but always returning
(continue...)

50"
3:06
10
response II
make a burst of rapid random movements of as many faders and pots as possible at the beginning of the bar, then very slowly adjust them one by one so as to gradually transform the sound into something else (from stable to unstable or vice versa, from pulsed to continuous or vice versa, etc.), often pausing between movements

3:56
random III
rapid and random and short flicks of faders and pots into new positions, interspersed with random opening and closing of mute buttons - as many movements as possible within $9^{\prime \prime}$ !

61"
4:05
counterpoint II
choose two faders, or two pots, or one of each, one for each hand, and follow the kinds of movements suggested by the graphic notation, with great variety of speed and range of movement, either over the entire range of the fader(s)/pot(s) or within freely chosen limits
(continue...)
16"
36"
5:06
random IV
5:22
unison I
choose one channel and move the fader rapidly and irregularly while pressing the channel mute button also rapidly and irregularly (don't synchronise hands!)

$\underbrace{(\text { (ontinue..) }}$


31"
6:34stasis III
don't move anything! - allow the position at the end of bar 16 to remain still or active

26"

## 7:05

18
random V
choose 4 or 5 channel faders (for one hand), moving all of them constantly and as independently as possible not necessarily rapidly, while "playing" randomly on the mute buttons for these channels (with the other hand)
use both hands on chosen mute buttons in irregular, independent rhythms with wide variations, but often changing the button chosen for one hand or the other or both
4"
38"
8:12
8:16
oscillation III
random VI
4 faders move rapidly in parallel
choose one channel for each hand, moving fader with thumb and operating mute button with index or other finger, occasionally changing channel operated by one hand or the other or both over a wide range

7" 10'
8:54
stasis IV
don't move anything! - allow the position at the end of bar 21 to remain still or active

## fracture III

choose four channel mute buttons, two for each hand, and open and close the pairs in rapid, irregular and independent rhythm

22" 14"
9:11
response IV
make a burst of rapid random movements of as many faders and pots as possible at the beginning of the bar, then very slowly adjust them one by one so as to gradually transform the sound into something else (from stable to unstable or vice versa, from pulsed to continuous or vice versa, etc.), often pausing between movements

9:33

## oscillation IV

choose four faders, two for each hand, and make rapid oscillatory movements at different speeds, one hand at a time


## 54"

## 9:47

## random VII

rapid and random and short "flicks" of as many faders and pots as possible into new positions, now with frequent irregular gaps where either no movements are made or density of movements is much lower

 - (continue...)

13"
10:41
response $V$
with one hand move a chosen fader or pot from its mimimum to maximum position or vice versa over the entire duration of the bar, while with the other making small, more rapid intermittent movements using as many as possible of the other faders and pots once each

47"
10:54
28
stasis V
don't move anything! - allow the position at the end of bar 27 to remain still or active

44"
11:41
counterpoint III
choose two faders, or two pots, or one of each, one for each hand, and follow the kinds of movements suggested by the graphic notation, with great variety of speed and range of movement, either over the entire range of the fader(s)/pot(s) or within freely chosen limits
(continue like this...)
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { (... find a suitable } \\ \text { position to stop on!) }\end{array}\right)$

| 4" | $6{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 4" |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12:25 | 12:29 | 12:35 |
| stasis VI | response VI | fracture IV |
| don't move anything! - allow the position at the end of bar 29 to remain still or active | make a burst of rapid random movements of as many faders and pots as possible at the beginning of the bar, then very slowly adjust them one by one so as to gradually transform the sound, as in previous instances but more quickly! | choose two channel mute buttons, 3 or 4 for each hand, and open and close them in rapid, irregular and independent rhythm |

72"
12:39
33
random VIII
mix freely and rapidly all of the actions suggested for random I-VII

57"
13:51
34
oscillation $V$
sparse but approximately regularly spaced, discontinuous and short movements with each hand on three of six chosen faders,
occasionally changing the faders moved by one hand or the other
(... end with all or most faders at
or near the top of their range)

| $4 "$ | $68 "$ | end |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $14: 48$ | $14: 52$ | $16: 00$ |unison II stasis VII

